Privacy and Zero-Knowledge Proofs

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# Zero-Knowledge Proofs

## ZK proofs in a nutshell

A Zero-Knowledge Proof lets a **prover** proves to a verifier it <u>knows a</u> <u>secret without revealing it</u>

#### I. Proof generation

The prover generates a zero-knowledge proof with a secret input

#### 2. Proof verification

The verifier verifies the proof without the secret input

The verifier does not know the secret (privacy) but is convinced that the prover knows the secret since it can prove it using a ZK-proof

# Two types of zero-knowlege proofs

#### Interactive proofs

A back-and-forth conversation to prove something

### Non-interactive proofs

A single message to prove something

• e.g. digital signature, **ZK-snarks** 

Zero-Knowledge Proofs using zk-SNARK



Proof Generator G Proving Key  $p_k$  $pf = G(w_{priv}, w_{pub}, p_k)$  Proof Verifier V Verifying Key  $v_k$ V(pf,  $w_{pub}$ ,  $v_k$ ) = true

#### ✓ Soundness

can always generate a valid proof pf knowing  $w_{priv}$ ,  $w_{pub}$ 

## ✓ Completeness

Cannot generate a valid proof pf knowing  $w_{pub}$  only

### ✓ Zero-Knowledge

Verifying pf using  $w_{pub}$  does not reveal anything about  $w_{priv}$ 

## Proof of Secret



The generator code is compiled as wasm module (Web Assembly)

The verifier code is compiled into a solidity smart contract

- → Alice can prove that she knows the secret input without revealing it
- ✓ The proof and the hash in the transaction does not reveal anything about the secret