Human Authentication

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Intuitive definition

What is human authentication?

"Determining the identity of a person"

Why would I need to authenticate you?

"To be sure that you are the person that you claim to be"

Identification vs Authentication

Identification

 Assigning a set of data to a person or an organization (subject)

Authentication

 Making a safe link between a subject and one or several of identities

Authentication Factors

Something that you know

Password, PIN number, passphrase, secret key, secret handshake, secret questions ...

Something that you have

✓ IDs, badges, physical key, mobile phone ...

Something that you are or do (biometrics)

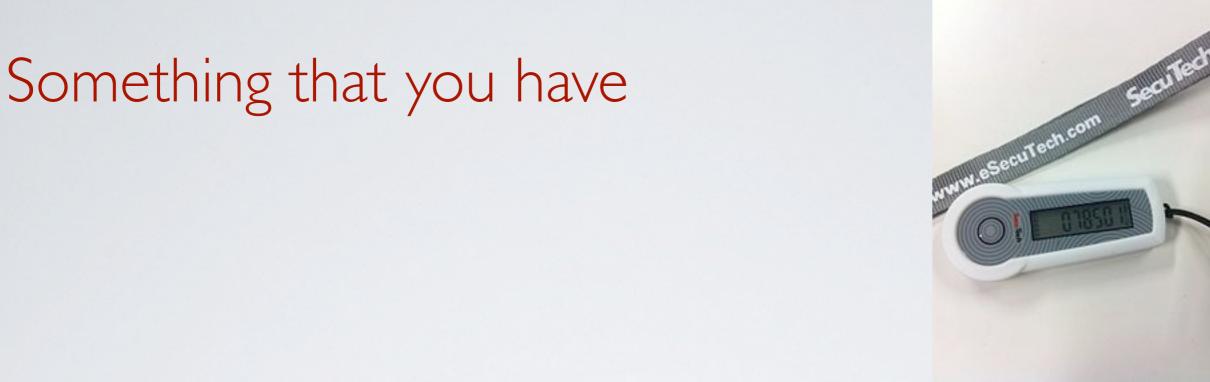
✓ Fingerprint, voice recognition, face recognition ...

Something that you know



 Good as long as you remember the secret and nobody can uncover or guess this secret

 Gets compromised as soon as someone else knows this secret and is able to use it



✓ Good as long as you do not lose or damage the token and there is only one instance for a "given token"

 Gets compromised as soon as someone can duplicate or fake the token

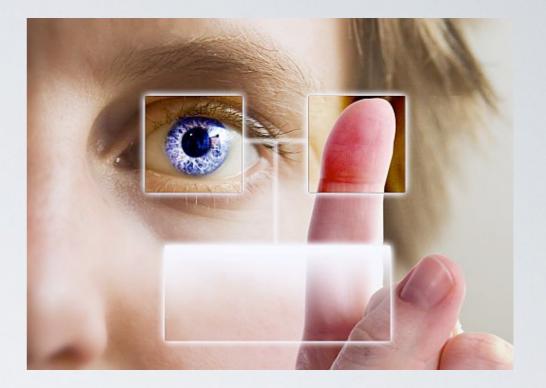
Something that you are or do - Biometrics



"An authenticator takes a measure of your physical characteristics and compare it with an existing measure of what you are suppose to be"

- ✓ The robustness depends on the precision of this measure and the similarity criteria (often not strict equality)
- But how to recover from an attack where the physical characteristics are compromised?

Something that you are



Good as long as you act or look like the same and nobody cannot be "good enough" in doing what you do or "pretend" to look like you

 Gets compromised as soon as someone can "nearly" act like your "nearly" look like you (depending on the authenticator)



Multi-factor authentication

	Something that you				
	know	have	are		
ID card		X	X		
Credit Card	X	X			
Biometric Passport		X	ХХ		
Two-factor authentication	X	X			

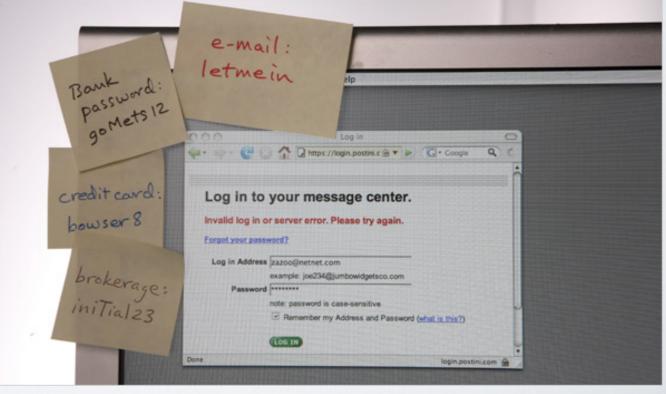
Choosing the authentication mechanism

- Driven by the risk analysis and the costs How hard is it to?
 - Make you reveal your secret password
 - Duplicate a credit card
 - Fake your fingerprints
- There is no perfect authentication



Something else to consider - usability

- How restrictive is the use of several authentication mechanisms?
- How the users will use handle and appropriate the authentication process?



To go further

- Can the authentication process been delegate to a third part?
- Can we use the same identity over different information system?
- Identity management systems

Passwords

Managing Passwords

- How many passwords do you have?
- What password for what kind of application?
- How often do you change your password?
- How do you remember your password?
- How strong is your password?

Using passwords

- Where are passwords stored?
- How are they stored?
- How are they compared with an input?
- How are they transmitted on the network?

Hacking passwords

- How would you steal someone's password?
- How would you crack someone's password?

Cracking a password from the login box

How to crack a password on challenge/response?

- Guessing attack (default and common passwords)
- Brute force attack
- Dictionary attack

What are the counter-measures?

- Timing
- Limit number of tries

Tool : THC Hydra



How passwords are stored

- In clear (really bad)
- Hashed (bad)
- Salted Hash (better and easy to manage)
- Encrypted (best but complex to manage)

Unsalted passwords

Salted password

pass4security + 5%pL6*
$$\longrightarrow$$
 sha2 \longrightarrow kl?z90\$J7k

Getting someone's password

How to get a password in clear?

- Social engineering Phishing
- Data mining (emails, logs)
- Keyloggers (keystroke logging)

How to get an encrypted or hashed password?

Know where it is stored

Cracking an encrypted or hashed password

How to crack a password knowing its stored form?

- Guessing attack (default and common passwords)
- Brute force attack
- Dictionary attack
- Rainbow tables

What are the counter-measures?

- Protect it well at the OS or application level
- Store it somewhere else (portable device, kerberos, ...)

Tools : John the Ripper, HashCat

Password Strength

Number of Characters	Numbers Only	Lowercase Letters	Upper and Lowercase Letters	Numbers, Upper and Lowercase Letters	Numbers, Upper and Lowercase Letters, Symbols
4	Instantly	Instantly	3 secs	6 secs	9 secs
5	Instantly	4 secs	2 mins	6 mins	10 mins
6	Instantly	2 mins	2 hours	6 hours	12 hours
7	4 secs	50 mins	4 days	2 weeks	1 month
8	37 secs	22 hours	8 months	3 years	7 years
9	6 mins	3 weeks	33 years	161 years	479 years
10	1 hour	2 years	1k years	9k years	33k years
11	10 hours	44 years	89k years	618k years	2m years
12	4 days	1k years	4m years	38m years	164m years
13	1 month	29k years	241m years	2bn years	11bn years
14	1 year	766k years	12bn years	147bn years	805bn years
15	12 years	19m years	652bn years	9tn years	56tn years
16	119 years	517m years	33tn years	566tn years	3qd years
17	1k years	13bn years	1qd years	35qd years	276qd years
18	11k years	350bn years	91qd years	2qn years	19qn years

TIME IT TAKES A HACKER TO BRUTE FORCE YOUR DASSWORD IN 2024

Hardware: 12 x RTX 4090 Password hash: bcrypt



> Learn more about this at hivesystems.com/password

Check for yourself

How strong is your password?

http://howsecureismypassword.net/

Has your password been leaked?

https://haveibeenpwned.com/





CNET > News > Security & Privacy

Millions of LinkedIn passwords reportedly leaked online

A hacker says he's posted 6.5 million LinkedIn passwords on the Web -hot on the heels of security researchers' warnings about privacy issues with LinkedIn's iOS app.



by Lance Whitney | June 6, 2012 6:31 AM PD

c|net

Update 1:08 p.m. PT: LinkedIn confirms that passwords were "compromised."

Follow

LinkedIn users could be facing yet another security problem.

A user in a Russian forum says that he has hacked and uploaded almost 6.5 million LinkedIn passwords, according to The Verge. Though his claim has yet to be confirmed, Twitter users are already reporting that they've found their hashed LinkedIn passwords on the list, security expert Per Thorsheim said.



CNET > News > Security & Privacy

Hackers post 450K credentials pilfered from Yahoo

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How To

Deals

News

Credentials posted in plain text appear to have originated from the Web company's Yahoo Voices platform. The hackers say they intended the data dump as a "wake-up call."



by Steven Musil | July 11, 2012 11:06 PM PDT

Follow

Yahoo has been the victim of a security breach that yielded hundreds of thousands of login credentials stored in plain text.

News

Reviews

The hacked data, posted to the hacker site D33D Company, contained more than 453,000 login credentials and appears to have originated from the Web pioneer's network. The hackers, who said they used a union-based SQL injection technique to penetrate the Yahoo subdomain, intended the data dump to be a "wake-up call."



Stronger password (used for e-banking for instance)

Visual Pad (weak)

One time password (stronger)

- Calculator
- Password sheet

Two-factor authentication (better)

- Password (something you know)
- SMS or mobile app code (something you own)

Newest Trends

Two-factor authentication

Use a mobile phone or email to provide a one-time password

There are two standards

- HOTP (HMAC-based one-time password)
- TOTP (Time-based one-time password)

YubiKeys



Hardware device (USB and/or Bluetooth) to provide authentication

- Support one-time pad (HOTP or TOTP)
- Support digital signature (OpenPGP and PKCS#11)
- Compatible with WebAuthn

WebAuthn

The beginning of the end of the password

May 03, 2023

For the first time, we've begun rolling out passkeys, the easiest and most secure way to sign in to apps and websites and a major step toward a "passwordless future."



Sriram Karra Senior Product Manage

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➡ Also called FIDO standard or Passkeys

Authentication based on

- Mobile phone's biometric features for user's authentication
- Trust-platform module (TPM) for managing public keys and signing credentials